



Photograph 1:

View of the drainage and Open Water as it water flows from two concrete culverts that pass beneath Jamboree Road. The current water level is approximately 18 inches below the ordinary high water mark. The ordinary high water mark can be seen by the water mark located on the concrete outlet structure (red arrows) and this represents the limits of USACE jurisdiction at this location. In addition to USACE jurisdiction, this Drainage is also subject to RWQCB, CDFG and CCC jurisdictions.

This drainage culvert and the ornamental vegetation have potential to support sensitive bat species that may be affected by surface grading and construction activities that may occur directly above the culvert. No sensitive aquatic species are expected to be affected by the Project.

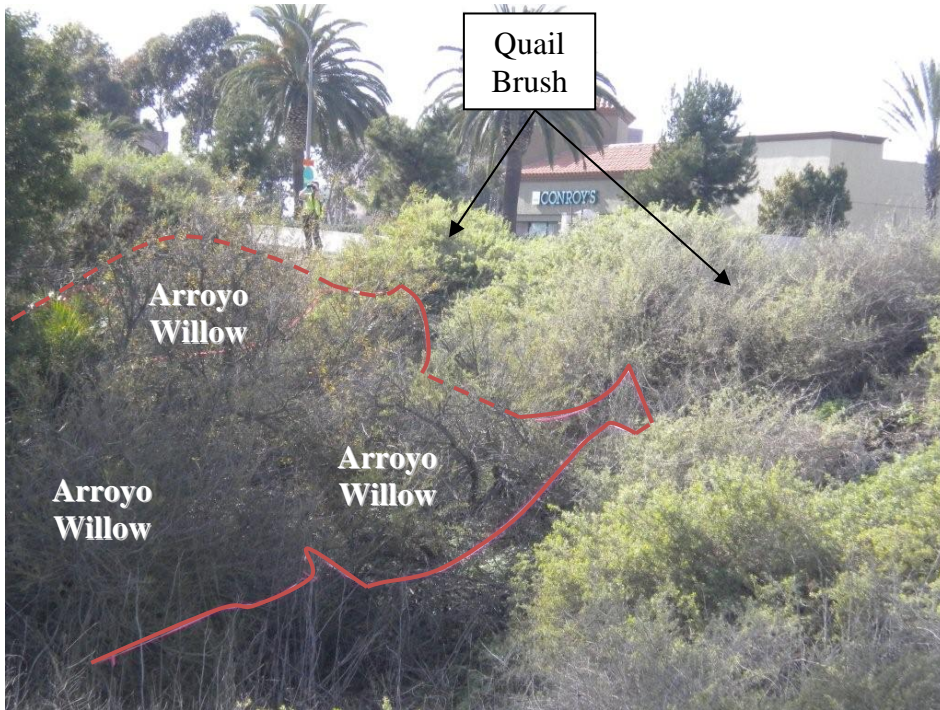
Appendix D - Site Photographs



Photograph 2:

View of the limits of CDFG and CCC jurisdiction and Riparian Scrub vegetation. The red flagging tape indicates the most upslope extent of CDFG riparian habitat and CCC-defined wetland. The vegetation flagged by red tape is Arroyo Willow, which is commonly associated with streams and wetlands. Quail Brush (located immediately upslope of the Arroyo Willow and adjacent to the sidewalk) and turf grass (foreground) is not considered to be a CCC-defined wetland or CDFG riparian habitat.

The upland scrub vegetation (Quail Brush Scrub) has a low potential to support the sensitive terrestrial species such as the Two-strip Garter Snake. Nesting birds may be present during nesting season February 15 to August 31. The Riparian Scrub (Arroyo Willows) down slope of the Quail Brush Scrub has potential to support a variety of sensitive nesting birds during nesting season as well.



Photograph 3:

View of the limits of CDFG and CCC jurisdiction. The red flagging tape indicates the most upslope extent of CDFG and CCC jurisdiction. The vegetation flagged by red tape is Arroyo Willow, which is commonly associated with streams and wetlands.

Quail Brush (located immediately upslope of the Arroyo Willow (Riparian Scrub) and adjacent to the sidewalk) is not considered to be a CCC-defined wetland or CDFG riparian habitat.

As stated above, the upland scrub vegetation (Quail Brush Scrub) has a low potential to support the Two-strip Garter Snake and nesting birds (during nesting season (February 15 to August 31)). The Riparian Scrub (Arroyo Willows) down slope of the Quail Brush Scrub has potential to support a variety of sensitive nesting birds during nesting season.



Photograph 4:

Representative photograph of “Developed Lands/Ornamental Landscaping.” Developed areas within the Project limits of construction are subject to high volumes of vehicle and pedestrian traffic and noise. Ornamental trees could serve as nest sites for CDFG and MBTA nesting birds. There is potential, although low, for roosting bats within the buildings and ornamental trees (e.g. Palm Trees).

Appendix D - Site Photographs



Photograph 5:

Representative example of "Disturbed" areas located within the BSA. These areas have low biological diversity and are degraded by human activity by trash, debris, and regular maintenance/vegetation clearing. They may serve as foraging habitats for raptors.